

# WIRELESS ELECTRONIC DISPLAY BOARD USING GSM TECHNOLOGY

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## ABSTRACT

*This paper carries out a detailed review of the various techniques employed in the recent years in GSM technology. It discusses the current innovations in technology, and within this context, the operation of wireless electronic display boards using GSM technology has been reviewed. The important techniques used in past are also tabulated. Various technical papers and articles on wireless technology have been analyzed. The paper takes an inquisitive approach to the proposals and prototypes of an electronic display board obtained using GSM, which can be used in public areas for information dissemination.*

*Although this review paper cannot be all-inclusive, it may serve as a reference for further analysis in the domain of GSM and its application in wireless notice boards.*

**Keywords:** GSM, LED Display, Microcontroller

## I. INTRODUCTION

Communication devices such as mobile handsets and similar wireless innovations have become ubiquitous. Multipledomains in the field of Communication and Embedded devices are being increasingly explored. The use of cell phones has witnessed a rapid increase. Developments in communication technologies have led to the growth of dense networks.

As a means of communication, notice boards are widely popular, with its applications ranging from schools, colleges, hospitals to major organizations. Notice boards effectively tackle the global problem of deforestation by conveying messages at large without the use of paper. Such innovative measures will go a long way in regulating the damage to the environment. GSM technology aims to reduce the complexity in sending a message by incorporating SMS (Short Message Service) technology.

This technology can be put to use in public areas such as hospitals, schools, multiplexes and buildings to enhance the security system and also to spread awareness in an emergency.

The objective of this paper is to review the various proposals and technologies of a SMS controlled wireless display board which may eventually substitute the presently used paper based and programmable notice boards.

## II. EXPERIMENTAL SETUP

This system uses a microcontroller and a GSM Modem for analyzing the obtained message and performing the corresponding action. Serial communication is accomplished using RS-232 standards. Various AT commands would be employed for the synchronization between microcontroller and the GSM module.

## III. HARDWARE DESCRIPTION

Components required for the project are:

- GSM Modem
- SIM Module
- Power Supply
- LED Array
- Microcontroller
- Level Shifter
- Voltage Regulators

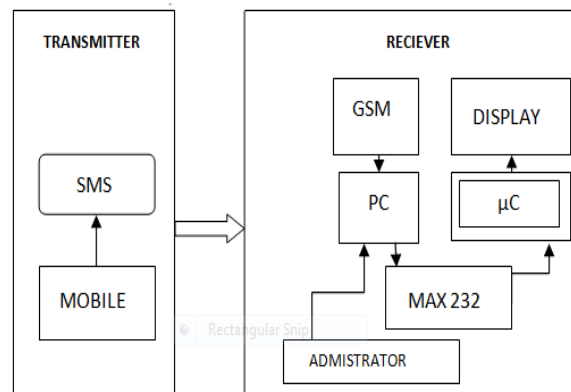


Figure 1 : Block Diagram for the System

### A. GSM Modem

Using a SIM, a GSM Module can operate as a mobile handset equipped with its distinct mobile number. The benefit of using a GSM modem is that the RS232 port can be used to serially communicate with the system. The modem can be used to make or receive calls, or to send and receive messages.

### B. SIM

SIM is the abbreviation for Subscriber Identity Module. It is an on chip card which consists of the owner's details and contact list. Users may change their operator using the same device. In dual SIM handset, two operators can be used on the same handset.

### C. Microcontroller

Microcontroller is a small, on-chip computer which consists of a core processor, in built memory and programmable I/O peripherals

#### D. Voltage Level Shifter

MAX232 is the IC which changes signals from RS-232 serial port to corresponding output fit for use in digital logic circuits. The MAX232 converts the RX, TX, CTS and RTS signals.

#### E. Power supply

Power Supply is an essential constituent of a circuit. It supplies the required voltage to the several components in the circuit.

#### F. Voltage regulator

Voltage regulator provides a voltage output of predefined magnitude that stays constant, irrespective of the any changes in the input voltages and initial conditions.

#### G. LED Array

LED Array is a matrix of LEDs connected, such that the cathode is common for all. The connections in the matrix are via the anode and cathode openings. Different colors of LED lights depict distinct waveforms of the constituent light.

### IV. SOFTWARE DESCRIPTION

KEIL and EAGLE are the softwares used for editing, compiling, linking and debugging the system. Various AT Commands are also employed for interfacing the microcontroller, GSM modem and the display.

#### A. AT Commands

AT command is the software instructions used to operate a modem. AT stands for 'Attention'. Each of the commands starts with "AT" or "at". The various AT Commands have been listed in Table 1.

**Table 1: AT Commands**

AT Command	Meaning
+CMGS	SEND MESSAGE
+CMSS	SEND MESSAGE FROM STORAGE
+CMGW	WRITE MESSAGE TO MEMORY
+CMGD	DELETE MESSAGE
+CMGC	SEND COMMAND
+CMSS	MORE MESSAGES TO SEND

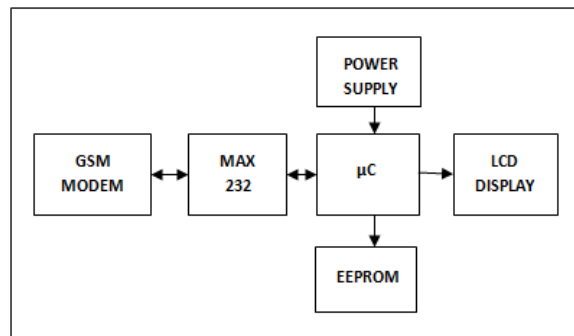


Figure 2: Block Diagram for Experimental Setup

V. OVERVIEW OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Table 2: List of Contributions by various Authors

Paper Title	Authors	Outcomes
iSMS: an integration platform for short message service and IP networks[1]	Rao, H. , Di-Fa Chang , Yi-Bing Lin	iSMS intelligent SMS server gives low-bandwidth applications the ability to send affordable SMS text messages. Connect in minutes with a SIM card and Ethernet network to send notifications and alerts to mobile phones or other systems. WithiSMS, we can use GSM handsets to access wireless net services.
Student Notice Board Based on LED Matrix System Controlled over TCP/IP Protocol [2]	Swiatkowski Michal, Klaudiusz Wozniak, and Olczyk Lukasz	LED matrices are driven by 8-bit shift registers, controlled by AVR micro-controllers. This allows us to connect extension modules. Communication between micro-controller and personal computer is over RS232 interface.
Smart Notice Board [3]	K.Shruthi, Chawla Harsha, Bhaduri Abhishek	The module comprises of two major units- user's mobile handset, control unit. The control unit comprises of a display, the Arduino board and the GSM module.. Whenever any information or message has to be displayed the user can send the message as an SMS to the control unit.
An Electronic Information Desk System for Information Dissemination in Educational Institutions [4]	MemonAzamRafiqueChowdhryBhawni Shankar, Syed. M. Shehram Shah, MemonTariqueRafique, Syed. M. Z. Abbas Shah	An automated information desk system for universities was implemented. It constituted a GSM module, embedded system, Ethernet shield to perform communication along with an SD card to store the information.
Wireless Notice Board using UWB with monitoring System [5]	Dr. Goyal Himani , Sankalp M. C.	ARM-LPC2148 is interfaced with Graphical Display. There are multiple displays, and to select a particular display, a decoder is used. In this they have made use of UWB technology for all the communication.

An Internet Based Wireless Home Automation System for Multifunctional Devices [6]	ZiyaAlkarAli	Design and implementation of a low cost but yet flexible and secure internet based home automation system. The communication between the devices is wireless. The protocol between the units in the design is enhanced to be suitable for most of the appliances.
Design and Implementation of Multiple LED Notice Boards by Using ZIGBEE Technology[7]	DeshmukhVishal S., TitreSaurabh M., ChavhanSalim A.,BawankarShyam D	The proposed system, LED's are arranged in rectangular box and connected with various IC's. ZigBee is used at transmitter and receiver.
GSM based e-Notice Board: Wireless Communication [8]	KumarPawan, BhardwajVikas, PalKiran, SinghNarayan, MishraAmit	The paper explains how GSM based e-notice board which can be widely used for multiple applications in different institutes..
SMS-based Remote Computer Supervisory Control System Design [9]	Xin-kan Mu, Yong-hong Chen	It talks about designing and realizing a remote computer system which supervises all the given work using SMS communication.
Secure Method of Updating Digital Notice Board Through Sms With Pc Monitoring System [10]	BhoyarMayur R., ChavhanSuraj, JaiswalVaidehi	AT89c52 is interfaced with GSM modem using MAX232 level converter. There is also a 64K EPROM chip AT24C64. Microcontroller is coded using Embedded C and Kiel.
SMS Based Wireless E-Notice Board [11]	Smt.BabyM., HariniP.	It uses microcontroller interfaced via MAX232 level converter which converts voltage levels to TTL voltage levels and vice versa. The hardware also has a 64K EEPROM chip AT24C64.
Multiuser Short Message Service Based Wireless Electronic Notice Board[12]	Gowtham.R, Kavipriya.K, Kesavaraj.G, Natheena.A, Mr. MaragatharaSJ	The hardware board contains microcontroller AT89c52 interfaced with GSM Modem via MAX232 level converter. Microcontroller coding will be done using Embedded C and Kiel.
Keyboard Driven Electronic Notice Board [13]	Km. SinghRitu, ManzoorSamrah, Shukla Reena , AlungAnamika, AggarwalPankaj	Received information can be displayed by entering the message through the keyboard. The hardware also contains flash memory EEPROM 24c02, to store the messages and 5X7 LED dot matrix for display.
GSM Based LED Scrolling Display Board [14]	GuptaHardik, ShuklaPuja, NagwekarAnkita	Messages sent using GSM based handset are stored in the SIM of the modem. By issuing AT commands, it is read from the modem and stored in the microcontroller. It uses multiplexing in order to reduce the current requirement.

## VII. CONCLUSION

Various papers have been analyzed, and the prototype of the GSM based display device has been effectively studied. A comparative evaluation of the papers and their proposed technologies has been tabulated, and the outcomes, advantages and shortcomings of each paper have been drawn out. GSM technology is a vast field, and provides immense opportunity for innovation and development. Wireless notice boards using GSM eliminates the shortcomings of paper based conventional systems. A typical board consists of an embedded system, which communicates with the GSM modem, and displays the message on a display. This notice board would be highly effective in spreading information, and due to the low cost and wide range of GSM, the device can be installed and operated from anywhere. Further modifications and prototypes in this technology would be immensely fruitful.

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